WASHINGTON

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 3. FOREIGN NEWS !- See telegraphic despatch.

The Monarchical Principle. The appointing power vested in the Chief Executive officers of the United States Government is the source of more corruption than all other causes combined. It appears strange to us that the people throughout the nation do not look into this important subject and resolve upon correcting the evil. Congress has the ition to do so, but its attention cannot be drawn toward it without the influence of the people at large. Other topics are vehemently urged upon that body, and it has little discretion left as to the choice of what it shall take up for consideration at any moment.

There are some twenty bureaus and twelve other chief offices in the service of the Government in this city, having from half a dozen to ninety clerks, &c., each. In these bureaus and offices the direction and labor, with rare exceptions, fall upon subalterns. The "heads," as they are called, in one-half the instances, never well understand the business they are expected to conduct. They are mere politicians, who, it is well known, are the most trifling and imbecile fellows in the world. Yet they have a tremendous control over the clerks under them, though they crouch in servility to the Secretaries above them; and the Secretaries, with the President, constitute a conclave of proscription, and are often compelled to do work that a judge of the Spanish Inquisition, in its bloodiest days, would almost shrink from. In hundreds and thousands of instances the best and most competent and honorable clerks under our Government have in the morning left their families, whose bread depended upon the monthly salary, repaired to their accustomed places of labor to perform their duty in good faith, and returned in the evening, disheartened, dejected and sorrowful, with a note of dismissal, and no hope

There is no clerk under the Government whose tenure of employment is more certain than this. Should this be so?

But it may be said that the interests of the Government are more important than the welfare of these individuals. So they are; but does any one suppose these interests can be best promoted under such a system? We do not. On the contrary, faithful and efficient men cannot so well be retained in office; but helplessness, imbecility, and toadyism are invited by such a state of things.

The plan we have proposed is, to have every clerk and other officer appointed for a term of years, within which he cannot be removed except for cause and upon fair trial. He would thus be an independent man, and would stake his advancement or reappointment upon his good character and official usefulness.

We would vest the power of appointment in the head of each office or bureau, subject to the approval of his Secretary; for these heads, being responsible for the labors performed under them, would be interested in the procuring of good men

We would have these heads in turn nominated by the clerks under them-(who would in general select from their own number, and thus secure both talent and experience)-in this case also subject to the approval of the Secretary.

The Secretary would in this wise prevent corruption, while he could not practise it, having no nominating power.

Under this arrangement the various bureaus and offices, and the various persons engaged in each, would exhibit at once a salutary rivalry and a laudable esprit du corps, from which the public service would derive great benefits. Two-thirds of the force now in office would be found capable of performing all the duties, and in a more satisfactory manner than at present. There would be neither bunglers nor drones, of which we now have very many.

The policy of an administration depends upon the President and his Cabinet, whose counsels can be as faithfully carried out by the men of one party as of another. The spoils notion proceeds legitimately from the present monarchical principle of appointment and dismissal, and will be sent to old Beelzebub in its company.

Lest men now working for office may oppose this from interested motives, let us gratify them, for the sake of carrying the point. Let us "go it blind," and permit the next Administration, (Whig. Democratic, Abolition, Fire-eater, or Union Conservative, or by whatever name it is to be called,) to work one year under the present plan, and then enter upon the new. with the Departments as then manned. Of course electioneering triflers will at that time fill the places, but that will be the case anyhow, and the proposed scheme will teach and improve even these, until they shall become pretty fair clerks.

Congress should act upon this subject early in the next session, before the business of President-making shall stand in the way, and before a chapfallen party shall have a motive

APPOINTMENT .- We learn that Mr. George W. Brega, the Washington correspondent of pal ports, North and South, directing them to the Philadelphia Inquirer, and who also corresponds for, and sends telegraphic despatches to the New York Herald, has been reinstated in a twelve-hundred-dollar clerkship in the Post

Mr. Brega was first appointed to office under Mr. Secretary Robert J. Walker. He was continged in office under the Taylor Administration, and corresponded for the New York Herold, under the auspices of Secretaries Clayton and Meredith, until the Poussin blow-up, when his correspondence with the Herald was, for a time, cut off, and he himself removed from office, by Mr. Secretary Ewing, whose Department he happened to be in, in spite of the wellknown solemn pledges of Messrs. Clayton and Meredith that he should not be removed. Mr. Postmaster General Hall has seen fit to correct this error of the Taylor Administration, and to reward so able and reliable a correspondent as Mr. Brega; a duty that Mr. Meredith and Mr. Clayton (in whose particular service he labored)

The Savannah Republican of to-day contains copious accounts of the news brought by the schooner Merchant. At the last accounts Lopez was in a position east of Mariel. The Creoles at Havana were highly elated at the success of Lopez, and were joining his standard. It is presumed that the despatches brought by the Cherokee to the Spanish minister related to unbandsomely and ungratefully omitted. very unbandsomely and ungratefully omitted. This looks like magnanimity in Mr. Hall, as the Herald has most perseveringly assailed the ter General and his worthy Second

The Cuban Revolution.

The city papers of this morning conta conflicting accounts from Cuba. The scho Merchant, at Savannah on the 1st, with Ha dates to the 28d; and the steamer Cincinnati, a New Orleans on the 1st, with Cuba dates to the 25th, are their sources of information.

We were yesterday morning informed by despatch from Savannah, that Lopez was prospering; that his little army of two thousand was marching into Havana, with constant accessions of the people and troops, and that there was in that city no force adequate to resist him. But from the Cincinnati, at New Orleans, we now have the following:

NEW OBLEANS, September 1. The steamer Cincinnati has just arrive from Havana with dates to the 25th of August Lopez still maintained himself, and the Spanauthorities had offered a pardon to all hi followers who would surrender

NEW ORLEANS, September 1. The steamer Cincinnati has arrived, bringing Havana dates to the 25th. She confirms the intelligence brought to Savannah by the schr. Merchant, of the death of Gen. Enna, the heavy losses of the Spaniards, and the advance of Lopez upon Havana. The Cincinnati passed opez upon Havana. the Pizarro at sea on the 26th.

The Cuban authorities make great efforts to prevent news from the interior reaching the The revolutionary leaders captured near Prin

cipe have been shot. A full list of Lopez officers is published in the "Faro Industrial. The Government yesterday afternoon received the following telegraphic despatch in six hours from New Orleans. It was published in the In-

telligencer of this morning:

New ORLEANS, September 2-11 a. m. Advices from Havana to the 25th ultimo The accounts are conflicting. Lopez still held out, with his force very much reduced. The Government had offered a reward for him, but had promised a pardon to those of his follow-ers who would surrender. It does not appear that any of the Creoles had joined him. No as departed hence for Cuba since the

A STEAMER ATTACHED AT NEW ORLEANS .--- A despatch from that city, dated the 29th, says, that the United States Government have ordered the attachment of the steamship Alabama, on suspicion of being engaged in the Cuba move-

The Republic speaks in high commendation of ' in no duty in endeavoring to maintain the law of the land, and at the same time our treaty stipulations and neutral obligations," and says there is no doubt the instructions given by it have had the desired effect; but regrets to state, as an exception, the case of the Collector of New Orleans, "by whose negligence the Pampero was permitted to depart from that port without clearance or papers;" but informs us that upon the investigation of the conduct of this "officer, and perceiving that the vessel was allowed to depart, notwithstanding a direct call upon him by Gen. Twiggs to do his duty, in obedience to his orders, and offering to furnish the requisite force from his command in the vicinity to make his interference effectual, the President has felt it his imperative duty promptly to remove the Collector from of-

The Intelligencer remarks, that the dismissal of this officer and the appointment of a substitute (we know not who) was "the first act of the President after his return to the city and fully informing himself of the facts of the case." The absence of the President from the seat of Government for four weeks, at such a juncture, and his ignorance of the "facts of the case," may possibly be reprehensible also. It is indicated by this statement that the Presidential discretion and powers were not, as has been intimated, vested in the Secretary of the Treasury, or any one else who was here and informed of the "facts of the case." President Fillmore is very competent to judge of these matters for bimself; but it may be that his summer's excursions will cost him dear, even though he gain the whole State of Virginia.

The Intelligencer further informs us:

"The steam-frigate Saranac, which was waiting at Norfolk to convey Mr. Letcher to Mexico, was, on the receipt of the news of the late execution at Havana, directed by telegraph to sai immediately, in order to ascertain the particulars of that tragedy; and a revenue cutter was directed to convey Mr. Letcher to Havana, and thence he was to be taken to Vera Cruz in a ship of war. But, under the more recent adcutter is to continue on to Vera Cruz, and all will remain there, to intercept any illegal ex-

peditions from the United States.
"Both the steam vessels, the Saranac and Vixen, now on the coast of Cuba, will remain constantly at sea, on the lookout for, and with positive orders to intercept and capture, any vessels from the United States engaged in illegal proceedings against Cuba; and their attention will be especially directed to the capture

of the Pampero, which vessel was in the vicinity of Savannah on the 31st ult.

"The military and naval forces of the country, at or near the different ports, have been placed at the control of the civil officers of the Government, and the commanders of them have been instructed to render all the aid and assist-

ance in their power.
"Circulars have also been addressed to the Collectors and other civil officers at the princiremain permanently at their posts, and any who may be temporarily absent to return forth-with and personally attend to the execution and enforcement of the instructions which have been issued by the different Departments; and all of them are fully aware that they will be held to a strict accountability for the fulfilment of their duties."

The Baltimore papers of this morning have reports of a more encouraging tenor than was tracy in 1852. He is quietly shelved to make received in this city last night by our morning room for men of far inferior intellect, without papers. The following are given:

CHARLESTON, Sept. 2.—The schooner Mer chant, which arrived at Savannah from Havana was carefully searched for arms by the Spanish authorities, the whole ceiling being ripped up

for that purpose.

The Savannah Republican of to-day contains the death of Enna. He was wounded in the leg during an engagement and died the succeeding day. The Captain General distributed brevets day. The Captain General distributed prevets to the officers and soldiers who were wounded

on the twelfth Don Joaquin Aguero, Jose Tomas Betancourt, cuted. New York Morning Star.

The American contains the follow

gent article upon the subject: THE INTELLIGENCE FROM CUBA.—The accounts received by telegraph from Savannah, announcing the victory of Lopez over the Spanish forces and his rapid advance upon Havans, are calculated, if the intelligence be true, to open a wide field for reflection, and to give warning of a future full of difficulties, responsibilities, and doubts.

gence be altogether correct or not, the final issue of the struggle in Cuba will find its termi-

result as these accounts indicate.

The Spanish authority in Cube once subverted and a new government proclaimed in its stead, it cannot but follow that Spain will come forward with all her power to undertake the recovery of the island. Nothing, we may be sure, can prevent that, unless in the mean time an offer on the part of our Government to pur-chase Cuba may be made; and in that case the Court of Spain will have two alternatives for onsideration : one, to part with it for an equivconsideration: one, to part with it for an equivalent in money; the other, to part with Cuba without any equivalent—after having been baffled and defeated by the bold invaders who bamed and defeated by the bold invaders who have made good their footing there, and who will be sustained in holding it by volunteer forces enough to set at defiance the power of

There have been intimations in some of the British journals that England, in consideration of the debt due to her from Spain, will not look on with indifference and see the transfer of On with indifference and see that the control of the Spanish revenue is derived from that island. It remains to be seen how far these intimations are well founded. When the issue arises it will be time enough to conside it. Nevertheless it cannot be denied that the manner in which the conquest or annexation of Cuba may be viewed on the other side of the

Atlantic constitutes an important item in the general interest of the subject. It has indeed been stated that a treaty of guaranty exists between England and Spain in reference to Cuba, and that France also is a party to it The actual state of the case we do not profess

In the event that Cuba should fall into the hands of the invaders, it is quite clear that the island could not long remain politically independent; and it is equally clear that there is but one nation to which it could belong. In what light soever we may regard the invasion of the island, a new question arises when the invasion becomes established, and an organized government, in the place of the Spanish regime rises into existence and shows that it can main the Administration, which "has been wanting tain itself. This country, in that case, could not stand aloof, if it should desire to do so Cuba is too near a neighbor, too important in position, too valuable in a commercial point of view, for the United States to remain neuter in her affairs, if a change of masters is to take place, and so rich a prize is to be transferred from Spanish possession.

> We have never seen or heard Mrs. MOWATT and can form no opinion as to how just the criticisms are that we have read in relation to her: but we have never been able to under stand how a lady of her literary ability can obtain the consent of her own mind to appear upon the stage of a theatre.

The following, from the New York Star, has the appearance of fairness, and we therefore quote it:

"Mrs. Mowatt as an Actress .- Mrs. Mowatt is drawing pretty fair houses at Niblo's. We wish she were a better actress; but in spite of both patriotism and gallantry, we cannot admit that she is any thing more than an ordinary in that branch of the fine arts. She is a pretty woman, however, and, as a writer, talented agreeable, natural and full of vivacity. We wish she would abandon the stage, for which she is not fitted, and turn her attention to authorship, for which she is so peculiarly qualified. We could then praise her with warmth and sincerity; and honest praise is worth something, while the farrago of flatulent sycophancy with which the interested would sustain her in a false station is utterly valueless. As to Mrs. M.'s success in London, we are familiar with all the facts, and know exactly how to appre-

POPULAR SENTIMENT OF NEW ORLEANS .- The Daily Crescent, of August 25th, says: "Whatever may have been the previous views of the different newspapers of New Orleans, the massacre of the gallant Crittenden and his party, with attendant circumstances of such atrocious barbarity, has united them in one feeling of indignant horror, and called from them a spontaneous denunciation of its perpetrators. This is also the unanimous public sentiment of our quick, high-spirited, sensitive community. In the eyes of all, the government which could tolerate, and much more commit, such inhuman the American vessels of war on the coast of Cuba atrocities, darkens the earth and should be blotted from existence "

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVALS IN THIS CITY .-- We earn that the Hon. Mr. Gott, of Onondagua, N. Y., a member of the late Congress, and the Hon. Mr. Schoolcraft, of Albany, a member of the late and re-elected to the next, arrived in our city this morning.

LOLA MONTES .- The Philadelphia Ledger and Evening Bulletin, we are glad to perceive, protest against the introduction of this degraded woman to the theatres of this country; and the latter, on the authority of the New York Courier, denies that Mr. Barnum has had any agency in inducing her to come here. She made an offer to him to this effect, which he declined.

HENRY CLAY. -In the newspaper discussions relative to the next Presidency, we find no mention made of Henry Clay. His health is said to be better than it was ten years ago, and his intellect is as vigorous as ever, and yet there is not a Whig press in the Union that proposes him as a candidate for the Chief Magisa tithe of the claims upon the party and the country that he has.

There was a time when the very name of Henry Clay sent a thrill of devotion through the hearts of the whole Whig party. What a change! We do not recollect to have seen his name in print for a month past. "None so poor as to do him reverence!" Is this neglect because of any fault in Mr. Clay? Not at all. On the contrary, he has never deserved better of his country than now. It is the party that has changed, not its forsaken idol. He is still the noblest Roman of them all, and his patriotic endeavors in the Senate of the United States, to heal the breach between the North and South, should render him more popular at this time than at any former period of his life. Verily Demos is as ungrateful now as when

THAY COURT .- The Day Case .- We quote n our first page the report given of yesterday's

occedings in the Republic of this morning.

Mr. Fendall to-day read to the court various affidavits, made by respectable citizens, to the effect that they would not believe Richard Brooks (from his character for veracity in the neighborhood in which he lives) on his oath. He also read several affidavits going to show that Mrs. Wood (mother of the prisener) was, and has ever been, to their knowledge, a sane and sound-minded woman.

After Mr. Fendall had closed, Mr. Morgan for the defence, opened the argument on the motion for a new trial.

Mr. Fendall followed, and is addressing the court at the time onr report closes, half-past one p. m.

CASSIUS M. CLAY .- Madison county, Ken tucky, the home of Cassius M. Clay, Abolitionist candidate for Governor, gave six hundred and seventy votes for that gentleman, seven hundred and eighteen for the Whigs, and five hundred and thirteen for the Democrats.

For the American Telegraph.

SHADE OR SUNSHINE .- Fashion seems fa more absolute in its reign than the autocrat of Russia. It was that tyrant that threw out of vogue a really valuable article, the parasol, to give place to that kind of mamby-pamby affair, the sunshade. A fashion that suits the meridian of London or Paris is but ill-adapted to our climate, where the sun shines with so much ffulgence; and it is to be hoped that our ladies will "reform it altogether." They invariably dress thinly at this season, and the sunshade is no defence against the influence of the hot sun. I have little doubt that hundreds of cases of bilious fever have occurred to females. from which they might have been exempted had they used a parasol or light umbrella.

The word "sunshade" is the English of "par sol," but the things are both but French diminutives of the good and useful umbrella. Ladies would consult health, comfort, and beauty of complexion, by selecting the latter widely umbrageous protector, unless their chief object is to bite the handle, as we perceive the most of them do.

View of the Canadian Press on the Havana Massacre.

[From the Montreal Herald, August 29.] We are no friends to unjust invasions; but there should be limits to the wrath or ven geance of man. The recent wholesale butcher at Havana, of the fifty foreigners taken prisoners, without arms, and inhumanly shot lik beasts, without trial, appears to be an atrocity which, not merely the manes and nation of the dead, but the safety and honor of all living, required to be justified or expiated.

These undistinguishing massacres in cold blood, in the nineteenth century, on the part of governments which pretend to legitimate au thority—whose acts should consequently be, not the impulse of blind and sanguinary passion, but the result of humane and calm deliberation-are far more revolting to the feelings, and stamped with more inexpiable guilt, than any crimes which simple individuals, liable to the continual influence of corruption, enthusiasm

or illusion, can commit.

The ferocity of the Austrian butcher, Hay au, appears to have been brought to America by the Spanish generals and governors. The patriarch's malediction may possibly yet reach them all: "Cursed be their anger, for it was herce; and their wrath, for it was cruel. I will divide them in Jacob, and scatter them in Israel." But the end is yet to come, both for Austria and Cuba. North America, at all events, is not a country in which absolute governments can venture with safety on such a system of hostility against the people as was only practised before civilization was known. If governments and rulers seek to terminate, it will happen, in America at least, that such governments and rulers are more likely to suffer

han inflict extermination.

It is singular that Santa Anna began his career against the Texans by shooting, in cold blood, a large number of prisoners, promising young men, few of whom had attained their twenty-fourth year. Was there any one en-dued with the feelings of a human being, who could restrain indignation at such brute mination of untried and defenceless captives? Was there any one who did not desire to see some adequate infliction upon such a ruler and such government? The day of retribution came-Santa Anna was himself taken prisoner, but not shot. Yet it would not have been more against the law of nature and nations, for his captors to have shot Santa Anna in cold blood, than for him to have shot his prisoners in cold blood. The crimes and cruelties of governments and rulers are of deeper guilt, and call for deeper atonement than those of individuals. However, the retribution approximated, at least, to expiation. Santa Anna's power, by the Divine will, was wrested from him, and his country was vanquished and parcelled out by the fellow citizens of the youthful prisoners whom he shot in cold blood.

Review of the Northern Markets for yesterday.

Office of the American Telegraph, Sep. 3.

Baltimore, Sep. 2, 5 p. m.—We note sales to-day of 600

barrels city mills flour at \$3.871/2. Sales of 400 barrels Howard street flour at \$3.871/2 cash, and 600 barrels at \$4, on time, with interest added.

PHILADELPHIA, Sep. 2, 6 p. m .- Stocks are unchanged Penns. 5's 901/2.
Small sales of flour at \$3.75 for State brands; rye flour \$3.25; corn meal \$2.871/2; sales of red wheat at 82@83c., and white at 85@90c.; sales of yellow corn at 61@62c.;

rve 60@61c.; oats 34@35c. New York, Sep. 2, 6 p. m.—Stocks are lower. Eric has declined 1%, and Reading %.
Sales of 11,000 barrels flour at \$3.81\(\psi \psi \psi 3.87\(\psi \) for

State brands, and \$4@\$4.12½ for Genesee. Rye flour \$3.37½, Sales of Genesee wheat at 104c, and Michigan white at 93c. Sales of 28,000 bushels mixed corn at 56c. Rye 65c. Oats 38@40c. Sales of new mess perk at \$15.75@\$15.871. Sales of 300 barrels lard at 91/4c. Sales of 200 bags Rio coffee at

9c. Porto Rico molasses 25@30c.

Cotton has advanced 1/2c. since the arrival of the Atlantic—sales of 1200 bales. Sales of 70 hhds. Kentucky tobacco at 71/209c. Whisky 23c.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has returned to Washington, and takes this occasion to express his grateful acknowledgment of their kindness and patronage extended to his son in his absence. He would also inform them that he has on hand, and is constantly receiving a very extensive assortment of Furniture of every description, which he would respectfully invite them to call and examine.

sep 3—cost

DOUBLE BARREL FOWLING-PIECES, PIS-

TOLS, &c.

TOLS, &c.

TOLS, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received, per steamer "City of Manchester," a part of his Fall supply of the above-named articles, consisting of—Sub. Twist, Damascus, single and double-barrel Fowling-Pieces, of English and German manufacture Boys' Guns, Dixon & Son's Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, and Belts
Game Bags, Patent Wads, Percussion Caps, Nipple Wrenches, Cleaning Rods, Gun Covers, Patent Safety Flasks
Dram Bottles, German Pistols, single and double French Pistols, single and double Four and six-barrel Revolvers, &c.

Four and six-barrel Revolvers, &c.

JNO. W. BADEN,

sep 3—3t

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 8.

thorized agent for this paper in Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. Office at the northwest corner of Third and Walnut streets.

37 The privileges of yearly advertisers will be confined rigidly to their regular business, and all other advertisements, not pertaining to their regular business as agreed for, to be paid extra.

Every notice designed to call attention to private nterprises calculated or intended to promote individual nterest, can only be inserted with the understanding

DIED,
On Wednesday, the 3d instant, after three days' illness,
EDWARD PETER, son of ELLEN C. and JOHN M. McENEANY, aged one year and nine months.
Funeral to-morrow afternoon at four o'clock, from the
residence of his parents, Tenth street between H and L.*

PRESERVING PEACHES,

Amilles and Friday, fresh from the trees, at 10 octock.

S3 REWARD.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN, a mousecolored TERRIER SLUT PUP, three months
old; had on when missed a steel collar, secured
by a padlock. The above reward will be given

A LARGE LOT OF BLACK SILKS.

A LARGE LOT OF BLACK SALES.

Just received—
375 yards 36 inches wide, very superior in quality and lustro
400 yards 34 inches wide do
50 pieces Black Silk Laces, some very wide and cheap
1,500 yards rich style Mousselines, 25 cents per yard
1,200 do do do 12½ do
400 do Broche Mousselines, new style
1,500 do White Flannels, the best goods we have ever sold, at 25 cents per yard 1,000 very fine 7-8 and 4-4

1,000 very fine 7-8 and 4-4
350 yards Liones Cloths, different colors
3,000 yards good white Cotton, at 5 cents per yard
5,000 do medium and fine White Cottons
5,000 do Brown Cottons, cheap
25 pieces Irish Linens do
sep 1—co3t HALL & BROTHER.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL BOOKS, and all those used in the private academies and institu the District of Columbia and adjacent country. For sale, at New York prices, by TAYLOR & MAURY,

DEPSIN—the great Curer of Dyspepsia which has given so much satisfaction to those suffering under that troublesome complaint—may be had for \$1 per hottle, at

J. F. CALLAN'S, sep 1—

corner E and 7th streets.

L celebrated for the cure of Corns, may be had at 2 ents per box, at J. F. CALLAN'S Drug Store, sep 1— corner E and 7th sts. BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS.

This delightful preparation, so useful either for was mg or shaving, is for sale, at 50 cents per bottle, by sep 1— J. F. CALLAN. BAY RUM AND COLOGNE WATER— All sized bottles and all prices, with a great variety of other perfumery and cosmetics, for sale, at the corner of E and 7th streets, by

Downer's Popular Stand

On Pennsylvania Avenue, between 11th and 12th streets,
OFFERS rare inducements to Chewers and Smokers.
His variety of brands are too numerous to mention, and his tobacco too well known to need recommendation.
Call and try them.

SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY
A THE BIBLE DEPOSITIONY

GENTLEMEN'S HATS_PALL STYLE

M. II. STEVENS, Hatter, has introduced the step of Gentlemen's Hats, to which he is the attention of his customers and the public. Room at the Athenseum, opposite Adelphi Theatre. sep 1—3t

THE SUBSCRIBERS have just received and are now opening a large assortment of the above goods, comprising almost every article in the sporting line: such as Double and Single Guns; self-cocking, single barnel, four and six-barrel Revolvers and German Pistols; single and double-barrel in every variety of style; Dixos & Son's safety-top Powder Flasks, Cleaning Rods, Wads.

Caps, &c.

The above goods have been selected with great care, and are all of the most modern and approved style, and will be sold very low.

LINDSLEY & BADEN, sep 1—3t

Pa. av., bet. 9th and 10th streets.

HATS_FALL STYLE_1851. HATS—FALL STYLE—1851.

CHAS. H. LANE has the honor to inform the citizen of Washington and the public, that he will, on Sal urday, 30th instant, introduce the Fall Style of Hats. Is my intention in future to keep constantly on hand fashionable stock of Hats and Caps, having secured th services of a practical and skilful Hatter, and feel confident in offering to the public as superior an article as the market can afford. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

New Hat, Cap, and Furnishing Store,

respectfully solicited.

New Hat, Cap, and Furnishing Store, bet 4½ and 6th sts., Penna avenue.

CHOOL BOOKS at New York Prices.

A full assortment of all kinds now in use; and theoest STATIONERY of every variety, for sale by

AUSTIN GRAY,

au 30— 7th street, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall,

OPENING OF THE NEW STORE.

RS. COLLISON having removed to Sixth street, will open a fine assortment of FANCY GOODS, in addition to her stock of Millinery, Dress Trimmings, &c., nosisting in part of—
French worked Collars, new and handsome styles.

French worked Pocket-handkerchiefs, fine Linen do. Buffalo Tuck Combs, new patterns. Infants' Socks, Lisle thread and silk Gloves. Fancy Baskets, Perfumerics, Hair and Tooth Brushes, ic., &c. 45° SIXTH STREET, near the corner of Louisiana av., and rear of the National & Brown's Hotels

GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS.

La Palma,
La Inovasior,
La Bella Union
La Esculapio,
La Esperanza,
El Divan, La Norma, &c., &c. JAS. T. LLOYD, Pa. av., 3 doors east of 15th st.

NEW FALL GOODS ... BONNETS, &c.

NEW FALL GOODS.—BONNETS, &c.

JUST RECEIVED AT BROWN'S CHEAP CASH
STORE, Pennsylvania avenue, opposite Brown's
Hotel, an assortment of pretty Mousselaines, Cashmeres,
Calicees, &c., which will be sold cheap. Also a large assortment of Bleached and Brown Cottons, very chesp, by
the piece or yard. Also, six dozen Fall style Bonnets.
au 28—dtr

A CARD.—Owing to the change which has lately been made in G. W. Yerby's business, the subscribers have put down the prices of a number of styles of goods for the purpose of reducing and running off the stock, preparatory to laying in Fall supplies.

Persons wanting Dry Goods at, and in many cases less than, the original cost, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we want room and money.

Au 23—d2w YERBY & MILLER.

DAYLOR & MAURY, Booksellers and Stationers, Pennsylvania avenue, near 9th street, have constantly on hand a full assortment of BLANK BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS, PENS, INK, and PAPER, of every variety, for sale at New York prices.

au 22—tr

NEW DRY GOODS.

MAGRUDER & CALVERT, Pennsylvania avenue,
between 8th and 9th streets, have just received a
freen supply of seasonable DRY GOODS, which they will
run off at very low prices. Their stock is large and assystment complete.

Stop 1—AT GEO. HILBUS'S MUSICAL DISPOT,
South side of Pennsylvania Avenue, one door from
10th street, and examine his stock of superior Musical
Instruments, which has been selected from the best
houses in the country. He would also call the attention
of the public to his complete stock of French Accordeons
and Flutinos, just received, with from ten to thirty-eight
keys, handsomely iniaid with pearl and brass, together
with a large and complete assortment of Violins, Guitars,
Flutes, Barjos, Tambourines, Fifes, Clarionets, Flageplets,
Picalees, Instruction Books for different instruments,
Violin, Guitar, Violoncello, and Tenor strings, of the best
quality. CITOP I-AT GEO. HILBUS'S MUSICAL DEPOT.

S50 REWARD.

RAN AWAY, on the 4th instant, MARIA, belonging to Cath. Corksy, Charles county, Maryland, aged 20 years. She is of ordinary size, aprightly, handsome and dark color. It is supposed she is in Washington. The above reward will be given for her if returned to the subscriber, or secured in jail. GEO. H. WATERS, su 23—S&W&W*? Aquasco, Prince George co., Md.

AMUSEMENTS

GRAND EXCURSION!

HAVING been solicited by many persons to give an Excursion, a number of the members of HOWARD Division, Sons of Tempersone, and, having made all the necessary preliminaries, now announce to the public that they will give an Excursion on TUESDAY, September 9th.

The commodious and well-known steambeat COLUM-BIA has been chartered for the occasion. Also, the services of the much admired Warren's Cotilion Band have been engaged, and every thing will be done to render the excursion a most agreeable one.

The boat will leave Georgetown at 8, City wharf at 9, and Navy Yard at 10 o'clock, a. m., also touching at Alexandria; from thence proceeding down the river, after stopping at Fort Washington, to Indian Head, and return at sunset, landing her passengers at Navy Yard wharf and City wharf.

at sunset, landing her passenges.

and City wharf.

Tickets \$1, admitting a gentleman and two ladies.

Children half price. Tickets can be obtained of the committee, at Mr. G. Savage's, Pennsylvana avenue, Columbus's Confectionery, opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall, of Libby and Thomas, Georgetown, or at the boat on the day of the Excursion. Refreshments at city prices.

JOHN ROBINSON,

WM. H. THOMPSON,

VM. H. THOMPSON,

JOHN ROBINSON,
WM. H. THOMPSON,
J. M. McFARLAND,
JOHN A. LAWSON,
SAMUEL BRYAN,
W. SMITH,
Committee.

sep 2-5t

THE CAMPBELLS ARE COMING AT ODD-FELLOWS' HALL, MONDAY EVENING,
A September 8th, and EVERY EVENING during
the week. WEST & PERL'S celebrated Operatic Troupete ORIGINAL CAMPBELL MINSTREES—have the
honor to announce that they have engaged Odd-Fellows'
Hall, 7th street, where they will give a series of their
INIMITABLE ENTERTAINMENTS, as above.
sep 1—6t DR. F. A. JONES, Agent.

NATIONAL HALL.

THE YOUNG MEN'S DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION, desirous of testifying their appreciation of Mr. Glens, for his efforts in their behalf, would respectfully announce that they will give him a Testimonial Benefit, in Washington, on Wednesday evening, September 3dfor which purpose Mr. Winder has kindly tendered the tree use of the Hall.

On which occasion will be produced Shiel's tragedy of the APOSTATE, and also the laughable farce of the IRISH TUTOR.

Prices of admission: Parquette 50 cents, Gallery 26 cents.

THREE EXCURSIONS

THREE EXCURSIONS
To the Great Falls of the Potomac.

THE swift-running and splendid Packet Boat DELA-WARE, will leave Vanesson's wharf foot of Congress street, Georgetown, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, the 2d, 4th and 6th of September, at 9\(\frac{1}{2}\) celock a m, arriving at the Falls at 12 m. Returning, she will leave the Falls at 3 o'clock p. m., and arrive at Georgetown at 7 o'clock. Fare, the round trip, 50 cents.

On Wednesday, the boat will leave Georgetown at 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) o'clock for Custis's Spring, returning at 5\(\frac{1}{2}\) p. m. Fare, the gound trip, 20 cents.

Persons wishing to charter the boat for Pic-Nic parties can do so by applying to the Captain on board.

an do so by applying to the Captain on board. sep 1—6t* REESIDE & LYNN.

rior article. Also Gentlemen's Gauntlets—for sale a RS. COLLISON'S new Millinery and Fancy Store, SixTH Street, near cor. Louisiana avenue.

MRS. ESTHER MOFFETT, 7th street, opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall, has received to-day an assortment of Ladles' Cuff-pins, Jenny Lind Ear-rings, velvet Ribands, Elastic Sleeve-confiners, Undersleeves, et. Also, English knit Suspenders, Mohair Stocks, white and colored Shirts, two rich China tea sets for children. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture kept constantly for sale.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP. NOTICE OF CUPRELINES.

THE SUBSCRIBER has associated with him in the Dry Goods business E. P. MILLER, of Jefferson county, Virginia; the copartnership to take effect from the 18th inst. The business for the future will be conducted under the firm of Yerry & MILLER.

G. W. YERBY.

G. W. YERBY.

In entering upon the above arrangement, the subscriber deems it proper, and is happy to have it in his power, to offer to his friends and the public generally his sincers thanks for their liberal support and patronage during the time he has been in business, and bespeaks for the new firm a continuation of past favors, assuring all that the arrangement has been made under the most flattering circumstances, as the facilities of the new firm will be the best for doing a larger and more extended business, on the best and most advantageous principles to buyers.

29-Persons having unsettled accounts with me will have the kindness to close them at as early a day as possible, either with the cash or notes at short dates, as they will see the necessity of my winding up the old business, au 19—dlmif

[Nat. Intel. eodlmif] WANTS.

WANTED—A YOUTH, to run errands—one who can write a fair hand. Apply at this office.

WANTED-A good JOURNEYMAN CARPEN-TER. Best wages given and regular employment, need apply but good workmen. Inquire at this *ep 2-2t* WANTED—An APPRENTICE, 16 or 17 years of age. A stout boy, well recommended, will hear

Y age. A stout boy, well recommended, f a good opportunity by applying at this office, sep 1—tf

A Servant Woman Wanted.—A servant (a stare preferred) competent to cook and wash for a amily, will find a good situation by applying at the Drug Store, corner of E and Seventh streets.

J. F. CALLAN. WANTED—to purchase or hire, for a term of years, a COLORED WOMAN, from 20 to 35 years a. G. Inquire of A. GLADMAN, jy 16—tf cor. of 9th and M streets.

IN FAIR WEATHER PREPARE FOR RAIN PANIEL PIERCE continues to cover and re pair UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS as usual at his old stand, Pennsylvania avenue, south side, between 12th and 13th streets, sign of the lack and white Umbrella. 2. A general assortment f Umbrellas for sale. Silk, Gingham, and other materils suitable for every description of repairs, always on and. 2. Pa. av., south side, between 12th and 13th treets.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c. We are now receiving, by ship Living Age, from Liverpool, and from American manufacturers, large additions to our Stock, which we offer at very low prices.

CAMPBELL & COYLE,

-lm* Sign of the Anvil, Penna avenue.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

WE would invite the Ladies to call and examine our extensive Stock of Green, Blue, and Black Watered, Bordered and Lined Silk and Satin Tuer PARASOLS—the largest assortment in the District, at greatly reduced prices.

Also a choice selection of UMBRELLAS, all of the latest fashion, and the work warranted.

JUST RECKIVED—a handsome variety of Silks and Scotch Ginghams for re-covering.

**A-Repairing and Covering faithfully and punctually axecuted.

A. CORBIT & CO., may 6—6m

Penn avenue. near 4 1/4 street.

may 6—6m Penn avenue, near 4 % street.

TO THE PUBLIC.

JAMES A. CONNER, proprietor of the CITY EXPRESS, begs leave to inform the public that he
still continues to run his EXPRESS WAGON to Georgetown daily, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. He will also
convey baggage to and from the Cars, and to any part of
the city, at moderate charges. He hopes, by strict attention to his business, and the prompt and faithful delivery
of all articles committed to his keeping, to merit a liberal
share of the patronage of the public.

Orders left with Mr. Lewis F. Perry, at Clagett & Dedson'a, Fennsylvania avenue, near 9th street, will be attended to with promptness and fidelity.

[au 2—tf

CONNECTICUT HEALTH ASSOCIATION,

Waterbury, Connecticut.
GUARANTY CAPITAL - \$5,000.
THIS is an association of persons formed for the mutual benefit and relief of each other in cases of sickness or benefit and relief to accident.

By the payment of the following annual rates you will become a life member, and be entitled to a weekly benefit during life, if you should be disabled by sickness or accident from attending to business.

Those over fifty years of age will be charged 25 per cent. tra. An admission fee of \$1.50 will be charged the first year

in addition to the above, and must be paid at the time of making the application, and the first year's deposit within thirty days.

Certificates of membership are granted to FEMALES pon the same terms as above) not exceeding \$4.00 per reck.

JOHN DEACON, M. D., President, REV. CHAS. FABRIQUE, Vice Prest.

W. B. Lounsbury, Sec'y and Treas'r.

II. H. WOODRUFF,
Agent for the District of Columbia.

Office at his Drug Store, corner of F and 11th afreets,
Washington.

METHODIST CHURCH PROPERTY M CASE—a verballm report. For sale by
A. GRAY,
au 30— 7th st., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall

FISHING Tackle Just received.—Reds—Patent Sides, Cane, Hazel, &c. Lines—Furnished Lines, Grass Lines, &c. Hooks—Limerick, Kirby, Front Flies, &c. A. GRAY, Bookseller, June 17—cotf 7th street, opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall, June 17—eotf 7th street, opposi